

OPEN-FILE REPORT  
This report has not been edited for conformity with  
U.S. Geological Survey editorial standards or  
stratigraphic nomenclature.

EXPLANATION



NON-FEDERAL COAL LAND— Land for which the  
Federal Government does not own the coal rights.



BOUNDARY OF COAL 5 FEET OR MORE THICK—  
Drawn along the outcrop of coal bed and/or the inferred  
contact between burned and unburned coal, and/or the  
5-foot coal isopach. Arrows point toward area of coal  
5 feet or more thick.



POINT OF MEASUREMENT ON COAL BED

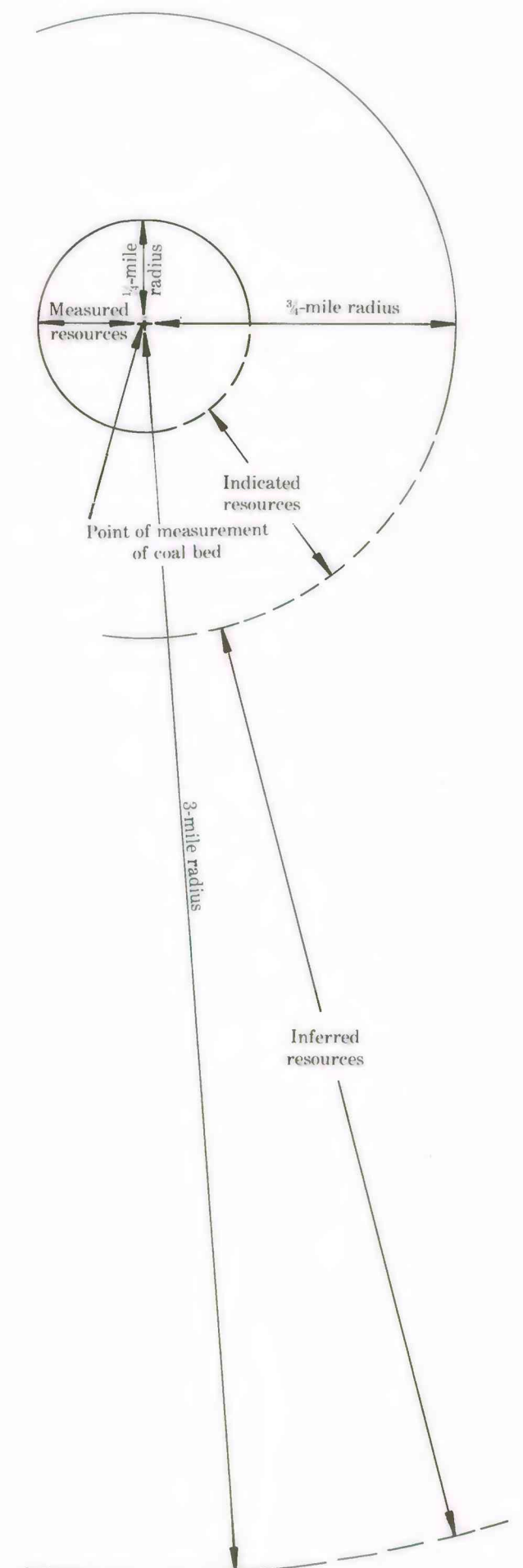


DIAGRAM SHOWING COMPONENT AREAS OF  
IDENTIFIED COAL RESOURCES—Shows arcuate  
boundary lines enclosing areas of measured, indicated,  
and inferred coal resources. Boundaries of areas are  
dashed where projected from an adjacent quadrangle.  
Areas of measured, indicated, or inferred resources  
may be present on this map without their outer  
boundaries being shown. Coal resources beyond the  
inferred category are hypothetical resources.

RB	
0.27	(Measured resources)
2.89	(Indicated resources)
3.88	(Inferred resources)

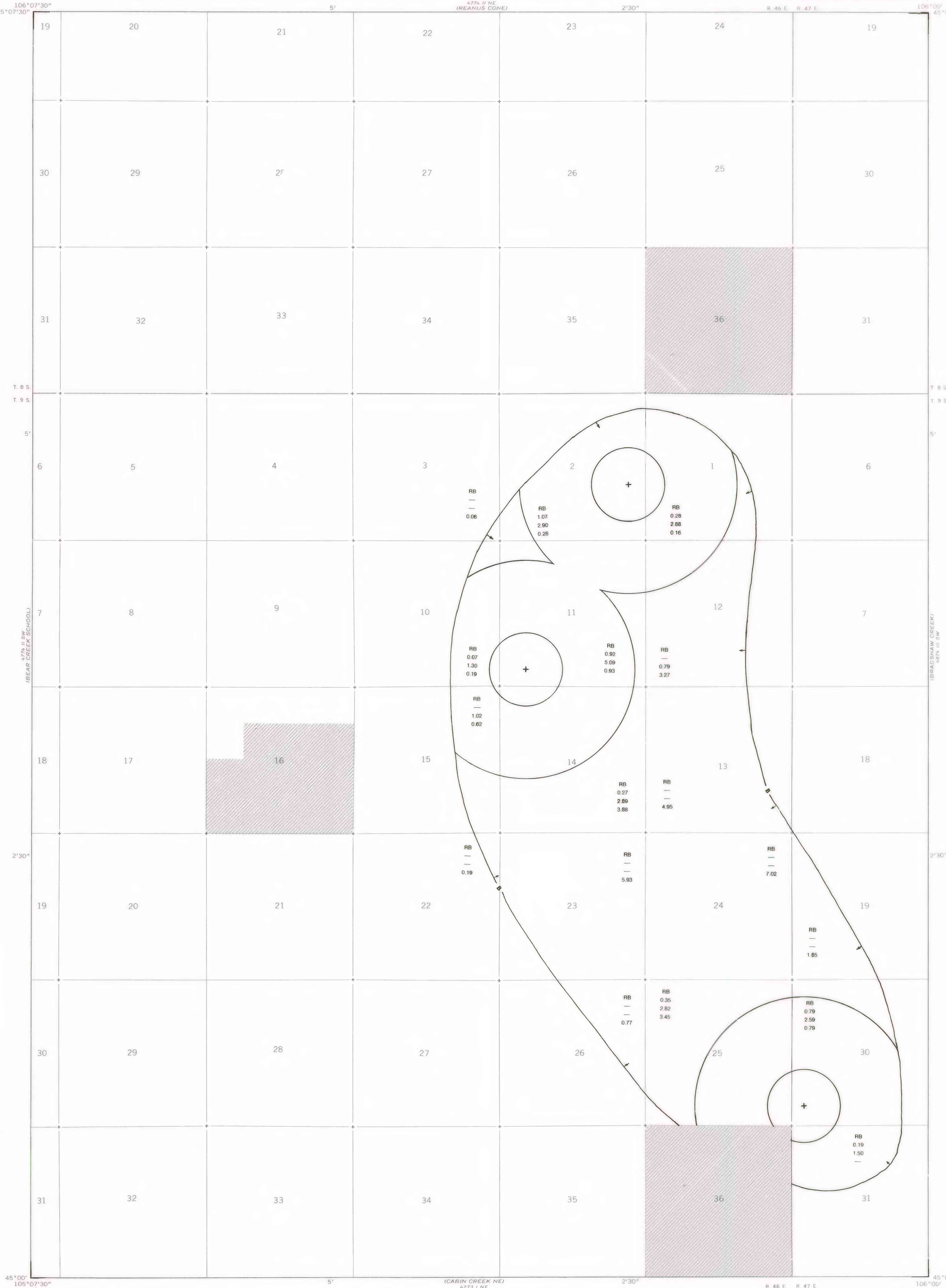
IDENTIFIED COAL RESOURCES—Showing totals for  
Reserve Base (RB), in millions of short tons, for each  
section or part(s) of a section of Federal coal land outside  
the stripping-limit line. Dash indicates no resources in  
that category.

NOTE: Recovery factors have not been established for  
underground development of coal in this quadrangle.  
Therefore, Reserves (R) were not calculated for the coal  
bed in areas outside the stripping-limit line.

NOTE: No stripping-limit line is shown because there is more  
than 500 feet of overburden above the Reserve Base coal.  
To convert short tons to metric tons, multiply short tons by  
0.9072.

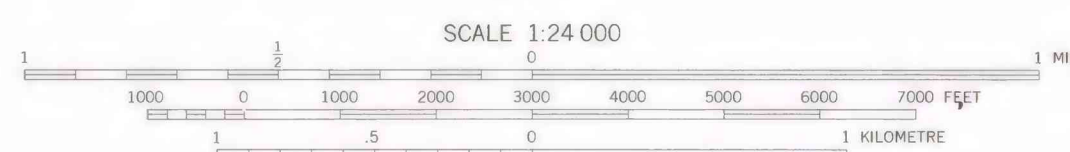
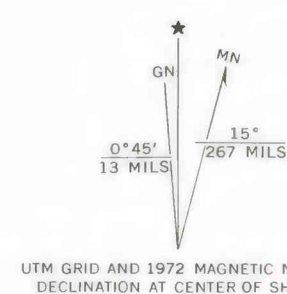
To convert feet to meters, multiply feet by 0.3048.

To convert miles to kilometers, multiply miles by 1.61.



Base map from U.S. Geological Survey, 1972

Compiled in 1977



COAL RESOURCE OCCURRENCE MAP OF THE SAYLE HALL QUADRANGLE,  
POWDER RIVER COUNTY, MONTANA  
BY  
COLORADO SCHOOL OF MINES RESEARCH INSTITUTE  
1979